ACRL Instruction Section

Chicago Manual of Style, Author-Date System Quick Guide

The following guide provides citation examples in the Chicago Manual of Style (17th edition) author-date system for the most commonly cited reference types in Instruction Section publications. For further information, see the cited sections of the manual.

Author-Date System Overview (CMOS 15.5, 15.22, 15.23)
The author-date system consists of short citations in the text and a reference list, which includes the full bibliographic information. The text citations, enclosed in parentheses, provide the author's last name and the year of publication. If a particular page is cited, it follows the year and is preceded by a comma.

(Smith 2015)
(Smith 2015, 9)

If the author’s name appears in the text, it does not need to be repeated in the parenthetical citation. The date should immediately follow the author’s name. However, in the case of direct quotations, the parenthetical citation may appear after the author’s name or after the quotation.

Smith and Jones (2015) explain that instruction librarians gain many benefits by joining the ACRL Instruction Section.

As Smith and Jones point out, “Instruction Section committee members learn how to properly format Chicago Manual of Style citations in the author-date system” (2015, 2).

Author’s Name (CMOS 14.76, 15.29, 15.36, 15.37)
Two and three authors
The format of the authors’ names in the reference list entry follows the pattern below. Please note that commas are placed before and after the first author’s first name and and is used, not an ampersand.

First Author Last Name, First Name, and Second Author First Name Last Name.

Smith, Joe, and Sally Jones. 2015.

(Smith and Jones 2015)
Four or more authors
List all names in the reference list, but use only the first author last name, followed by *et al.* for the text citation.

Smith, Joe, Sally Jones, Steven Brown, Joan Lee, and Juan Rodriguez. 2015.

(*Smith et al. 2015*)

Editor as author
Use the editor’s name as the author, followed by *ed.* or *eds.* in the reference list. Do not include *ed.* in the text citation.

Smith, Joe, ed. 2015.

(*Smith 2015*)

Organization as author
Use the organization, association, or corporation as the author when there is no personal author. For works authored by college or university departments, use the official name of the department, followed by the institution, if not already mentioned.

Center for Teaching Excellence, Cornell University. 2015.
Williams College Libraries. 2015.

(*Williams College Libraries 2015*)

DOIs (*CMOS 14.8*)
Use a DOI whenever available. In source citations, append the DOI with https://doi.org/ to form a URL.


Line Breaks for URLs and DOIs (*CMOS 14.18*)
Microsoft Word often does not break the URL at the end of lines according to *Chicago Manual of Style* rules. The break should be made:

- *after* a colon or a double slash (/\)
- *before* a single slash (/), a tilde (~), a period, a comma, a hyphen, an underline (_), a question mark, a number sign, or a percent symbol
- *before or after* an equals sign or an ampersand
To make a break in Microsoft Word, use a line break (ctrl-Enter). Do not use spaces. Although Microsoft Word automatically creates hyperlinks whenever it detects a URL, it is usually better to manually insert the hyperlink after any breaks have been inserted to make sure the URL for the hyperlink does not get broken.

**Reference List Format and Examples**

**Books (CMOS 15.5-15.9)**
Author. Year. *Title*. Place of Publication: Publisher.


**Chapters from Edited Book (CMOS 15.9)**
Chapter Author. Year. “Chapter Title.” In *Book Title*, edited by Editor First Name Last Name, Page Range. Place of Publication: Publisher.


**Journal Articles (CMOS 15.9)**
Author. Year. “Article Title.” *Journal Title* Volume (Issue): Page range.

For electronic journal articles, include the DOI or URL.


**Magazine and Newspaper Articles (CMOS 14.198, 15.49)**
Author. Year. “Article Title.” *Magazine/Newspaper Title*, Month Day, Year, Page range.

A reference list does not need to list newspaper and magazine items if they have been documented entirely in the text. If a reference list entry is needed, repeat the year of publication along with the month and day. For online articles, include the URL.

Website Content *(CMOS 14.12, 14.13, 14.205-14.207, 15.50)*
Author. Year. “Title of Page.” Site Owner or Sponsor. Last modified/Accessed Month Day. URL.

Indicate access date only if there is no publication date or date of revision and use n.d. as the date of publication. For sources with a date of publication or revision, repeat the year along with the month and day.


Blogs *(CMOS 14.208, 15.51)*
Author. Year. “Title of Blog Entry.” Blog Title (blog), Month Day. URL.

If blog is part of the title, remove (blog). A reference list does not need to list a blog entry if it was documented entirely in the text. If a reference list entry is needed, repeat the year of publication along with the month and day.


Occasional Papers *(Chicago Style Q&A FAQ 0221)*
Author. Year. Title of Occasional Paper. Title of Series, No. Number of Paper in Series. Place of Publication: Publisher.

Add URL at the end if available online.


Working Papers, White Papers, and Other Unpublished or Informally Published Works *(CMOS 14.218)*

Add URL at the end if available online.

Conference Papers, Panels, and Presentations (CMOS 14.217)
Author. Year. “Title of Paper.” Paper presented at type of meeting of Name of Organization, Location, Date Range.

Modify “Paper presented at” to match the content (keynote address, poster, paper, panel, presentation, etc.). If available online, include the URL. If paper is from published proceedings, treat as chapter in a book or journal article.


Created January 2015 by Lori DuBois, IS Publications Editor
Updated August 2018 by Nancy Fawley, IS Publications Editor